Phase II EVR Balance System Challenge Test Protocol

11/08/05

Test Conditions:

- Minimum 30-day test period
- Site located in southern California with relatively higher ambient temperatures when compared to the Sacramento region.
- Testing shall occur during the winter fuel season (uncontrolled RVP greater than 7.0 psi)
- Daily station shutdown of at least 9 hours
- Phase I EVR System and Phase II EVR hanging hardware installed
- Gasoline throughput greater than 150,000 gal/month
- Unusually high UST ullages for an extended period should be avoided
- Nozzles "locked out" with the use of pad locks during shut down period

Pre-Test Procedures:

- a. Install data acquisition system (DAS) per TP-201.7: Continuous Pressure Monitoring
- b. Conduct TP-201.3: Determination of 2 Inch WC Static Pressure Performance of Vapor Recovery Systems of Dispensing Facilities
- c. Conduct TP-201.3C: Determination of Vapor Piping Connections to Underground Gasoline Storage Tanks (Tie-Tank Test)
- d. Conduct TP-201.4: Dynamic Back Pressure
- e. Conduct TP-201.6C: Compliance Determination of Liquid Removal Rate (87 grade only, high clip setting)
- f. Collect and analyze samples of each grade of gasoline to determine RVP
- g. Conduct bench testing of certified PV Valves in accordance with TP-201.1E prior to installation at each site
- h. Conduct pressure transmitter accuracy check of the data acquisition system (minimum of 15 point check) with a NIST traceable secondary standard instrument
- i. Verify integrity of nozzle vapor valve leak rate per TP-201.2B: Flow and Pressure Measurement of Vapor Recovery Equipment

Test Procedures:

- a. Daily
 - Print product and ullage volumes from ATG system at opening shift and closing shift of the GDF
 - Lock out nozzles at closing and ensure nozzles are hung properly on the dispenser in the locked position.

b. Weekly

- Collect and analyze samples of each grade of gasoline to determine RVP
- Download data from data acquisition system (two times per week)
- Evaluate pressure data, look for anomalies in the pressure profile or indicators which suggest a leaking system

c. Bi-Weekly

- Conduct system integrity test per TP-201.3
- Conduct liquid removal testing in accordance with TP-201.6C short version (drain hoses)

Post-Test Procedures:

- a. Conduct TP-201.3: Determination of 2 Inch WC Static Pressure Performance of Vapor Recovery Systems of Dispensing Facilities
- b. Conduct TP-201.4: Dynamic Back Pressure
- c. Conduct TP-201.6C: Compliance Determination of Liquid Removal Rate (87 grade only, high clip setting)
- d. Collect and analyze samples of each grade of gasoline to determine RVP
- e. Download pressure data from the data logger
- f. Conduct accuracy check of pressure transmitter of the data acquisition system (minimum of 15 point check) with a NIST traceable secondary standard instrument

Data Analysis:

1. Calculate the daily average ullage pressure, daily high pressure, and rolling 30-day average of each using section 4.6.3 through 4.6.5 of CP-201 "Certification Procedure for Vapor Recovery Systems at Gasoline Dispensing Facilities"

Pass/Fail Criteria:

- 1. Successful pass of all tests
- 2. 30-day rolling average for the following (section 4.6 of CP-201)
 - daily average pressure ≤ +0.25 inches H₂O
 - daily high pressure ≤ +1.5 inches H₂O